

Items 3 & 5: Interactive Dialogue with the Special Rapporteur on Indigenous Peoples – Indonesia (23 September)

In West Papua, Indigenous women struggle to access quality, affordable sexual and reproductive healthcare services, with the Papua and Papua Barat provinces showing the highest child and maternal mortality rates in Indonesia. Beyond physical access to clinics, this situation is exacerbated by administrative hurdles, stigma, and racism. In conflict areas, health care services are mostly provided by the military, discouraging many to seek much-needed care. We urged the Indonesian government to withdraw the presence of the military in and around healthcare facilities and to take steps to ensure adequate staffing of healthcare facilities and medical supplies in conflict areas.

[Full statement \(English\)](#)

Item 3: Interactive Dialogue with the Working Group on the Rights of Peasants – Guatemala (16 September)

The progressive loss of native seeds, the expansion of monocultures, and the intensive use of agrochemicals threaten food sovereignty and water resources in Guatemala. This is further exacerbated by forced evictions and a co-opted judiciary that favors large landowners and corporations. At the Human Rights Council, we called for a moratorium on evictions, the effective implementation of protections for human rights defenders, and a guarantee of free, prior and informed consent for Indigenous Peoples.

[Full statement \(Spanish\)](#)